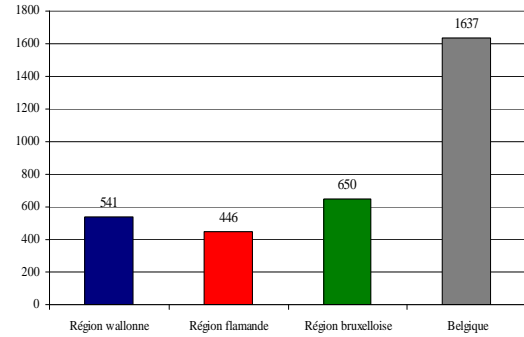


Les Belges et le vote automatisé

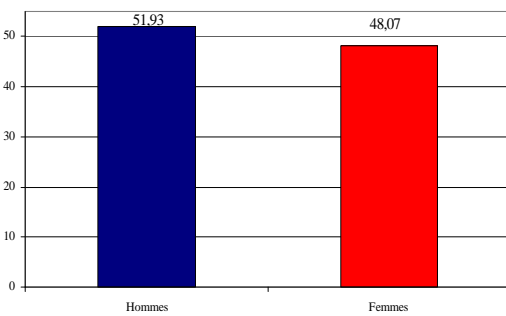
- Enquête sortie des urnes
- Enquête post-électorale

• Centre d'étude de la vie politique de l'Université libre de Bruxelles pour le compte des services de la politique fédérale

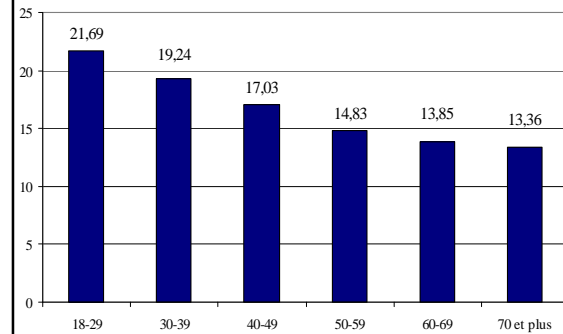
Nombre de sondés le 18 mai 2003



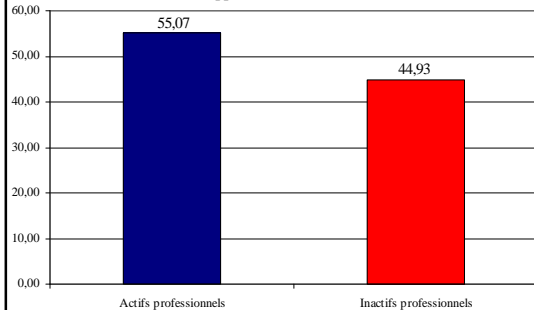
Rapport hommes/femmes



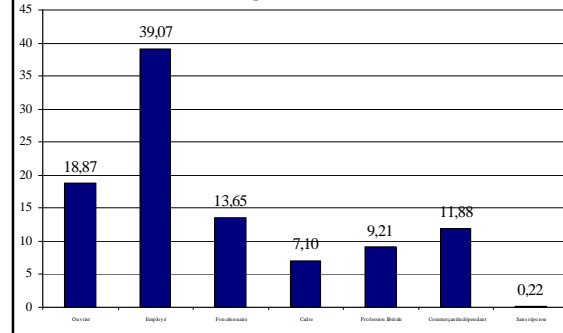
Pyramide des âges des sondés

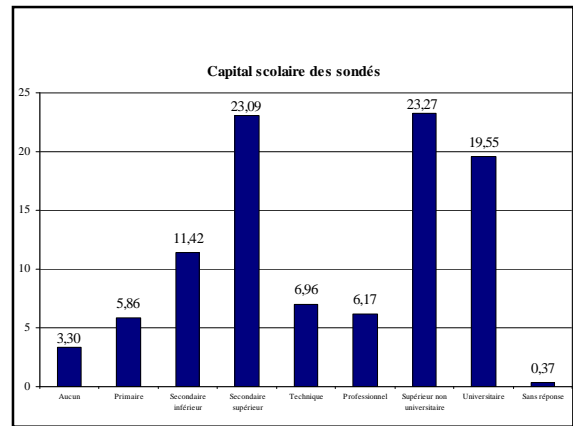
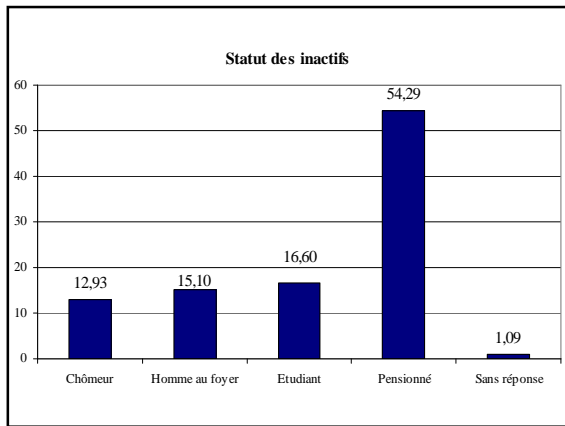


Rapports inactifs/actifs



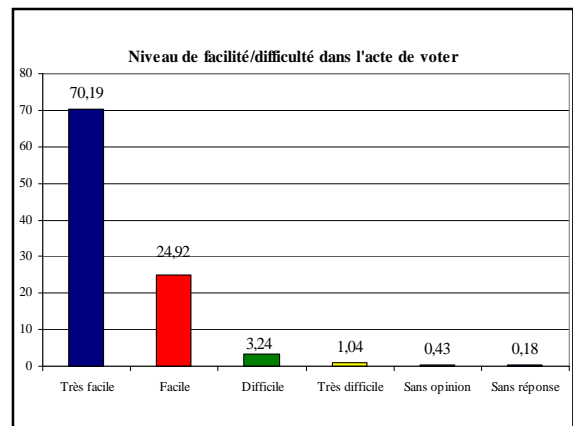
Statut socio-professionnel des actifs





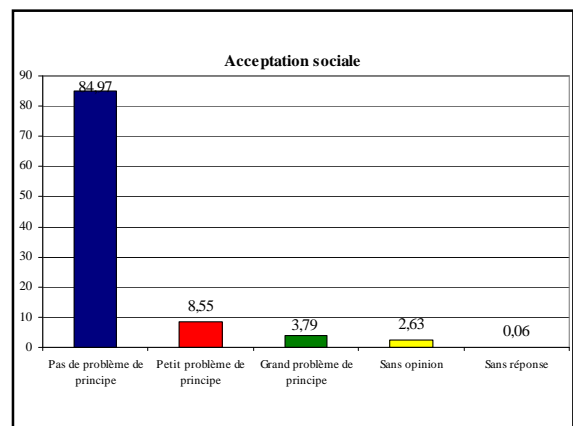
L'utilisation

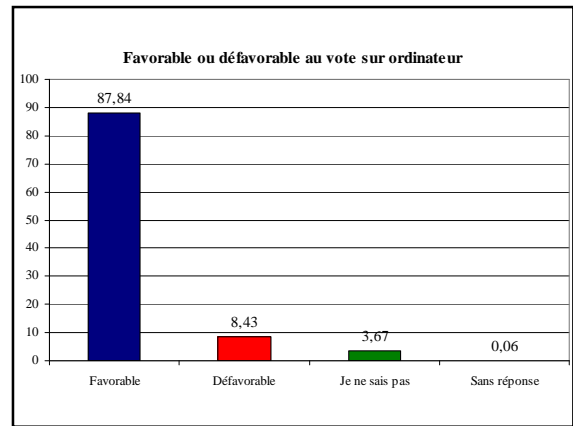
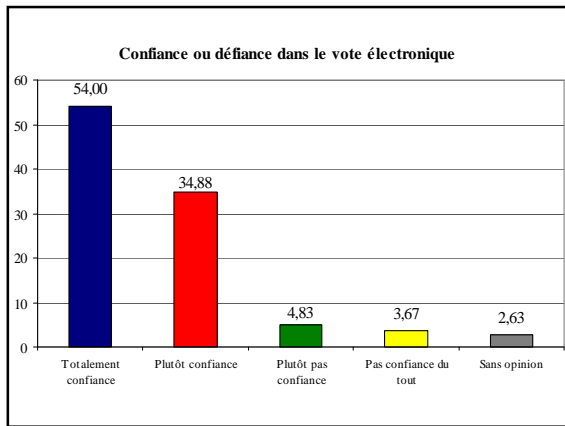
- **Facilité vs difficulté**



Le rapport philosophique

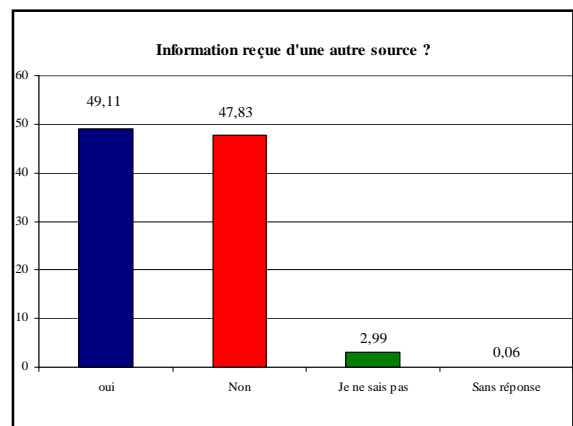
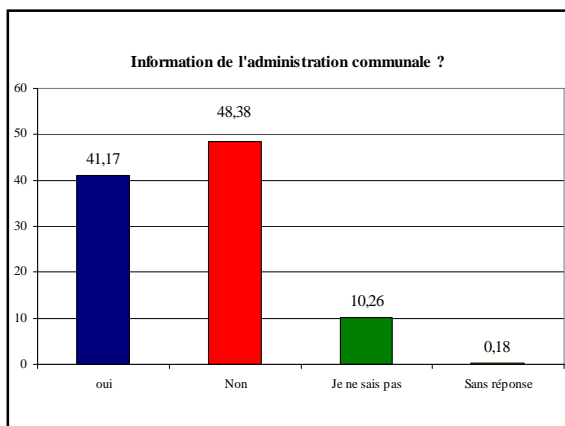
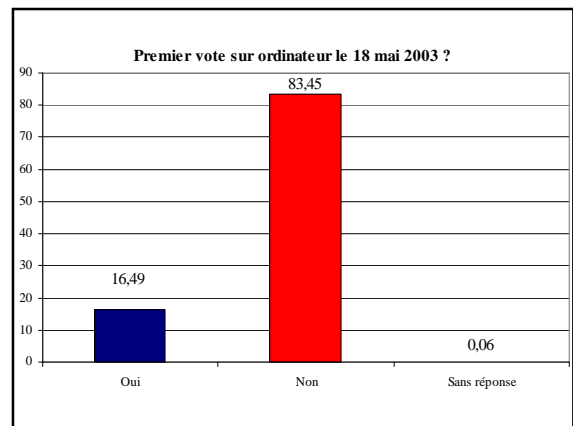
- **Confiance et acceptation sociale du vote électronique**





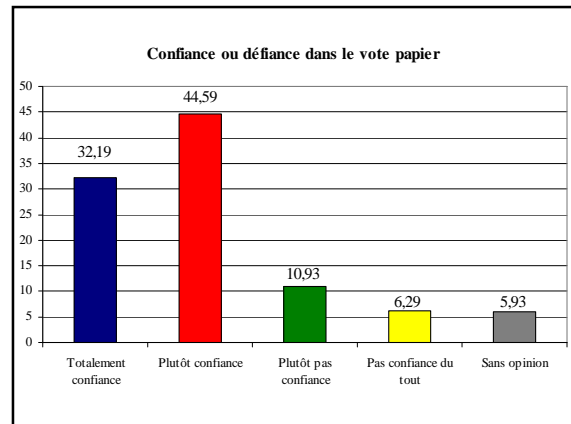
Vote électronique et socialisation

- Expériences électorales et expériences régulières



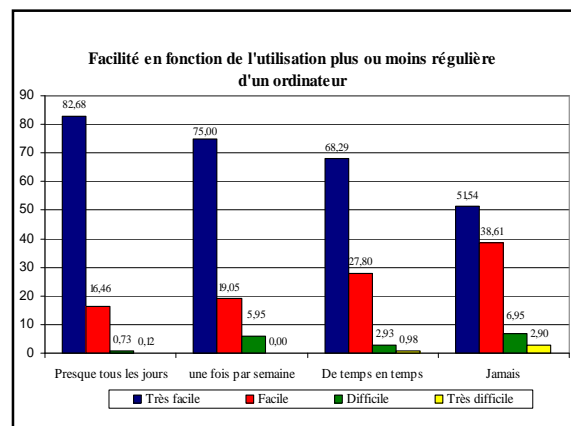
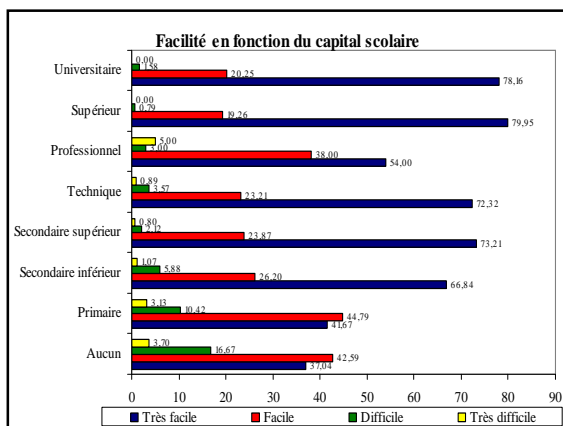
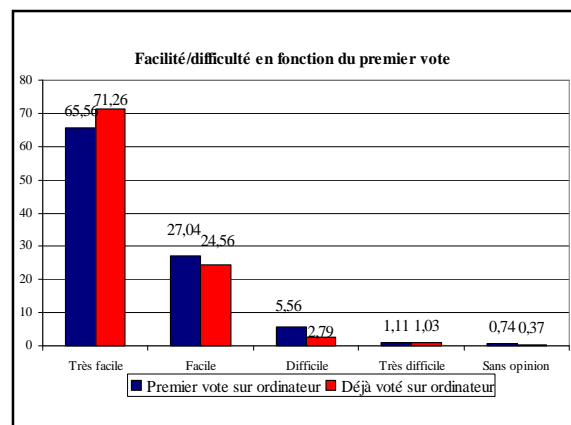
Le rapport philosophique

- Confiance et acceptation sociale du vote papier



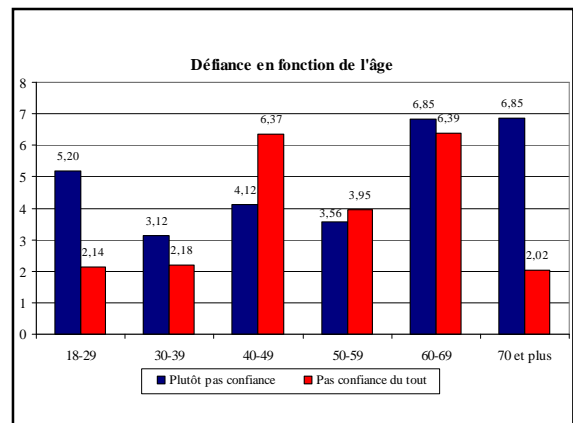
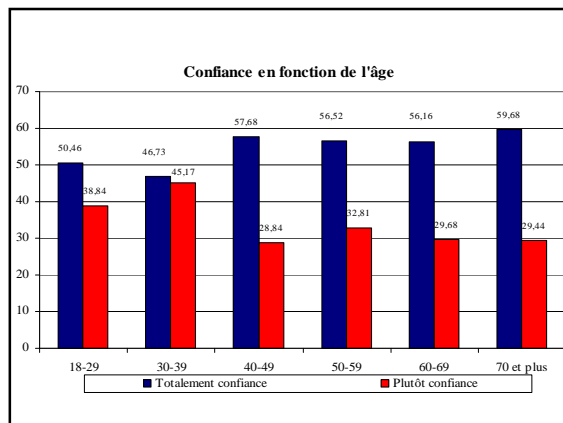
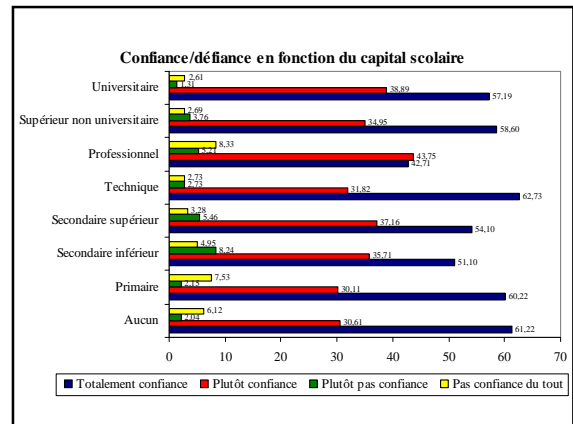
Attributs et facilité/difficulté

- Premier vote
- Capital scolaire
- Utilisation plus ou moins régulière d'un ordinateur



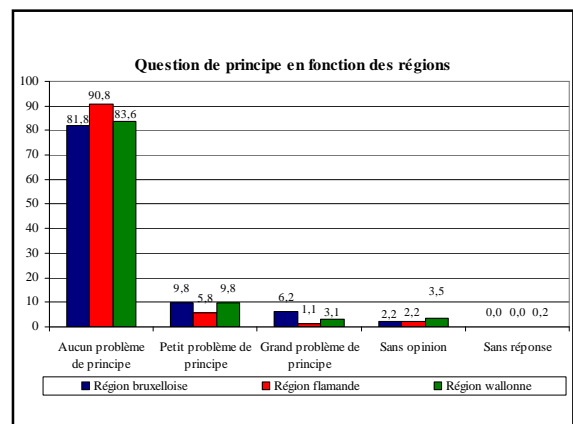
Le rapport philosophique

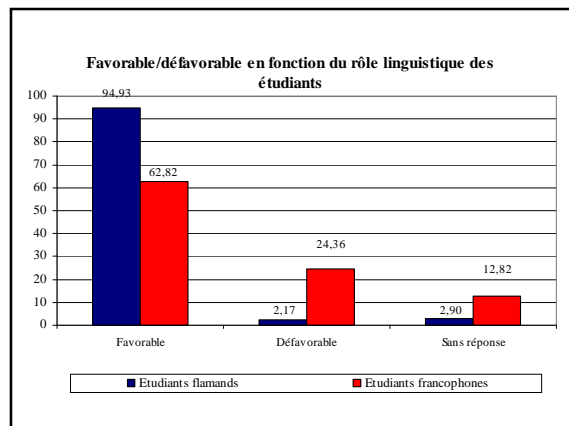
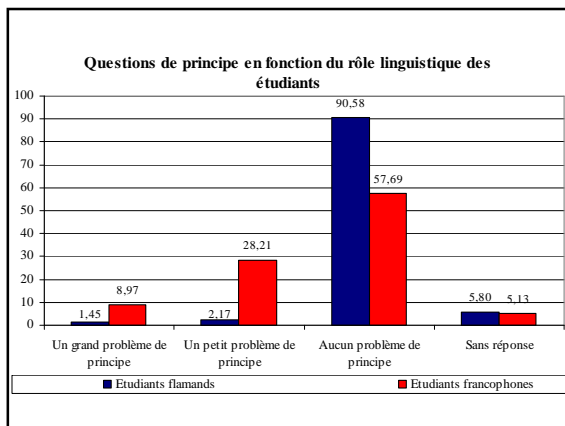
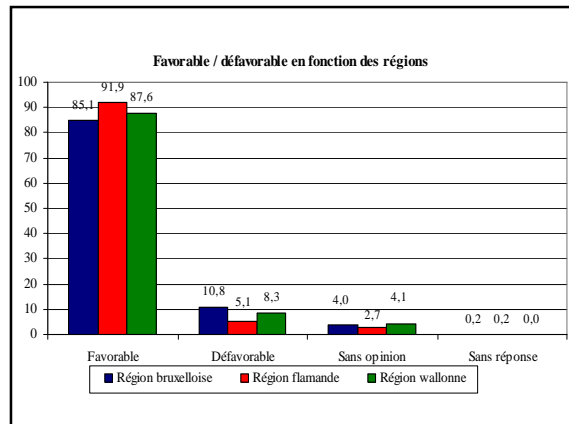
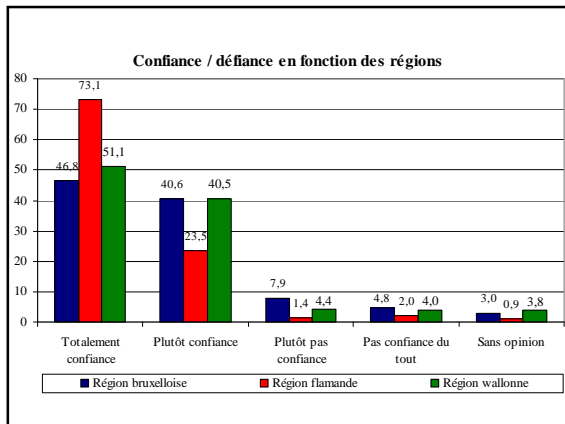
- Confiance et acceptation sociale du vote électronique en fonction d'attributs sociaux



Le rôle linguistique/régional et le vote électronique

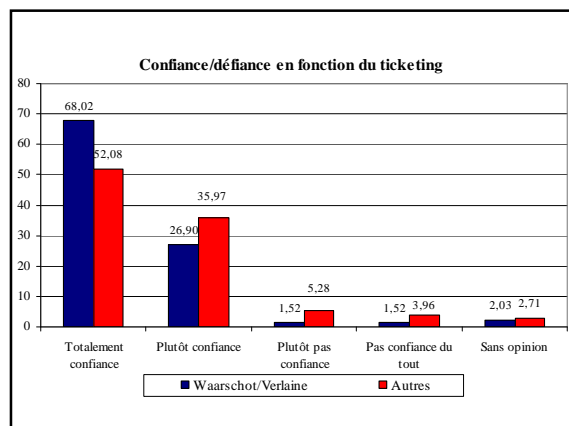
- Question de principe
- Confiance/défiance
- Le côté (dé)favorable

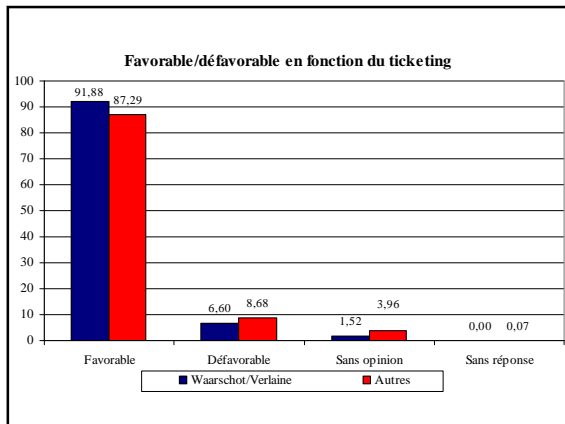




Les expériences pilotes

- Le ticketing



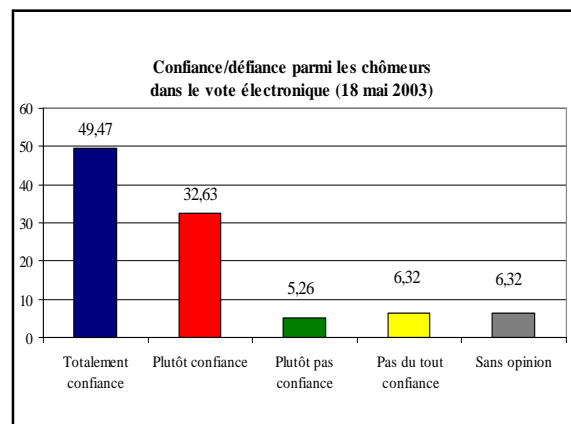
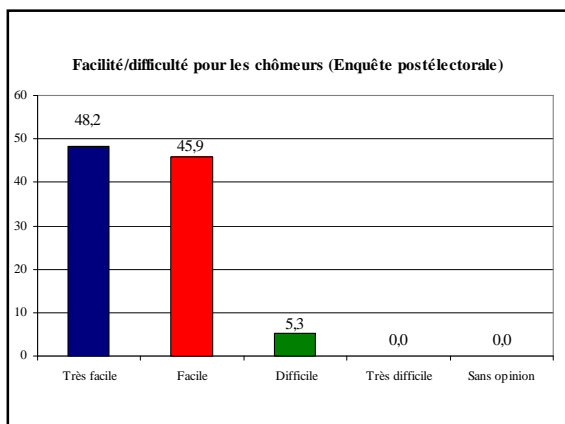
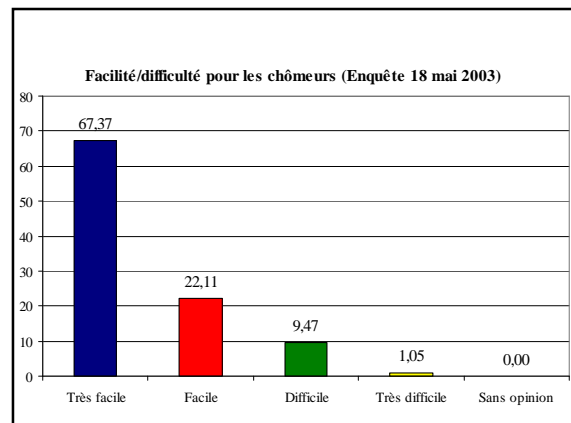


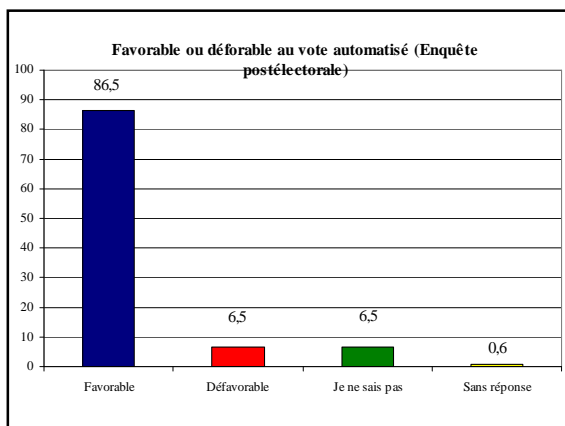
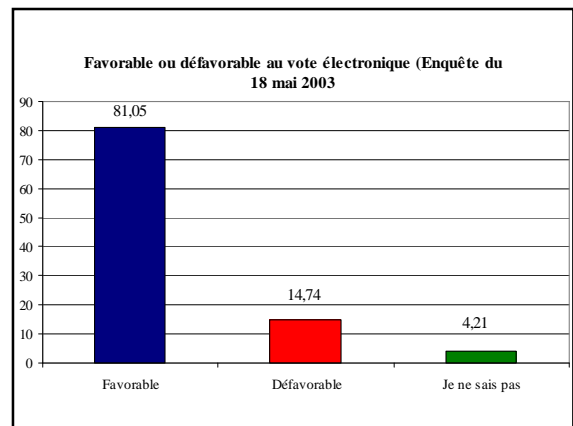
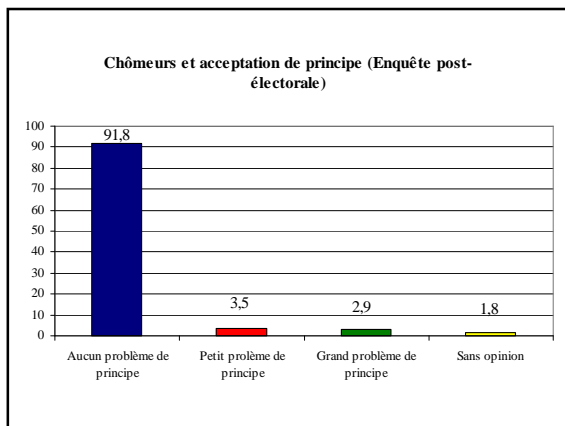
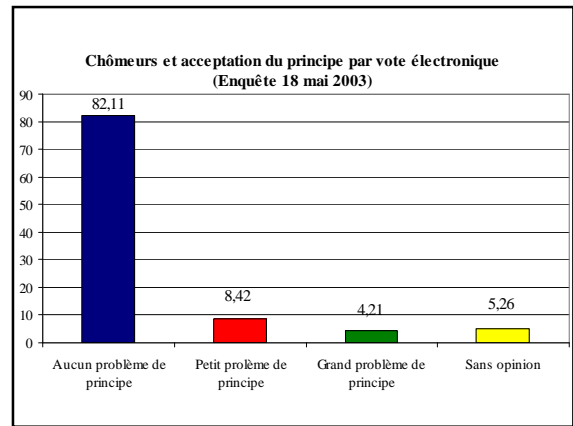
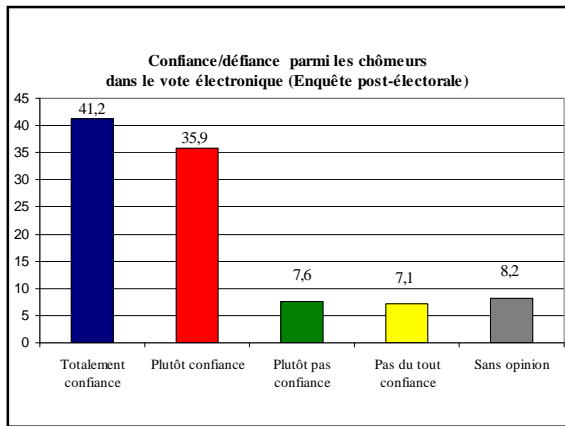
Publics cibles

- Chômeurs (170)
- Personnes plus âgées (324)

Publics cibles

- Les chômeurs





Publics cibles

- Les personnes âgées

